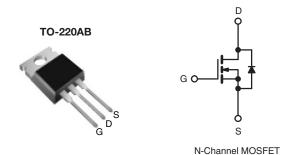


### Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	500			
$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	3.0		
Q <sub>g</sub> (Max.) (nC)	24			
Q <sub>gs</sub> (nC)	3.3			
Q <sub>gd</sub> (nC)	13			
Configuration	Single			



### **FEATURES**

- Dynamic dV/dt Rating
- Repetitive Avalanche Rated
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC



#### **DESCRIPTION**

Third generation Power MOSFETs from Vishay provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The TO-220AB package is universally preferred for commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 W. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220AB contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.

ORDERING INFORMATION	
Package	TO-220AB
Lead (Pb)-free	IRF820PbF
Lead (FD)-lifee	SiHF820-E3
SnPb	IRF820
SIFD	SiHF820

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C$	= 25 °C, unless otherwis	se noted)			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT		
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	500	V		
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	± 20	V		
Continuous Drain Current	$V_{GS}$ at 10 V $T_{C} = 25 ^{\circ}C$ $T_{C} = 100 ^{\circ}C$	,	2.5	А	
	$T_C = 100 ^{\circ}C$	ID	1.6		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	8.0			
Linear Derating Factor		0.40	W/°C		
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>b</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub>	210	mJ		
Repetitive Avalanche Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>AR</sub>	2.5	А		
Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>a</sup>	E <sub>AR</sub>	5.0	mJ		
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	$P_{D}$	50	W	
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dtc	dV/dt	3.5	V/ns		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s		300 <sup>d</sup>		
Mounting Torque	6-32 or M3 screw		10	lbf ⋅ in	
	o-3∠ or ivi3 screw		1.1	N⋅m	

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- b.  $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$ , starting  $T_J = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $L = 60 \, \text{mH}$ ,  $R_g = 25 \, \Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 2.5 \, \text{A}$  (see fig. 12).
- c.  $I_{SD} \le 2.5$  A,  $dI/dt \le 50$  A/ $\mu$ s,  $V_{DD} \le V_{DS}$ ,  $T_J \le 150$  °C.
- d. 1.6 mm from case.

<sup>\*</sup> Pb containing terminations are not RoHS compliant, exemptions may apply



THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	62		
Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	R <sub>thCS</sub>	0.50	-	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	$R_{thJC}$	-	2.5		

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TES	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		500	-	-	V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	Reference	e to 25 °C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	-	0.59	-	V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =	- V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA	2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	,	V <sub>GS</sub> = ± 20 V		ı	± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>		$V_{DS} = 500 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 125 \text{ °C}$		-	25 250	μА
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V		-	-	3.0	Ω
Forward Transconductance	9 <sub>fs</sub>	_	= 50 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.5 A	1.5	-	-	S
Dynamic							
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 V$ ,		-	360	-	
Output Capacitance	Coss	7	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$ $V_{DS} = 25 \text{ V},$		92	-	рF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>	f = 1.0 MHz, see fig. 5		-	37	-	1 '
Total Gate Charge	Qg	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	I <sub>D</sub> = 2.1 A, V <sub>DS</sub> = 400 V, see fig. 6 and 13 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	24	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>			-	-	3.3	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			-	-	13	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 250 V, $I_{D}$ = 2.1 A, $R_{g}$ = 18 Ω, $R_{D}$ = 100 Ω, see fig. 10 <sup>b</sup>		-	8.0	-	- ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>			-	8.6	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			-	33	-	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			-	16	-	
Internal Drain Inductance	L <sub>D</sub>	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25") from package and center of die contact		-	4.5	-	
Internal Source Inductance	L <sub>S</sub>			-	7.5	-	- nH
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic	s	•					
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode		-	-	2.5	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>			-	-	8.0	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$T_J = 25  ^{\circ}\text{C},  I_S = 2.5  \text{A},  V_{GS} = 0  \text{V}^{\text{b}}$		-	-	1.6	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	$T_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $I_F = 2.1 \text{A}$ , $dI/dt = 100 \text{A/}\mu\text{s}$		-	260	520	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$			-	0.7	1.4	nC
Forward Turn-On Time	t <sub>on</sub>	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L <sub>S</sub> and			L <sub>D</sub> )		

#### Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- b. Pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs; duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.



### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

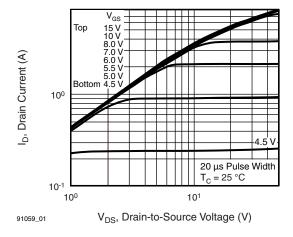


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C$  = 25 °C

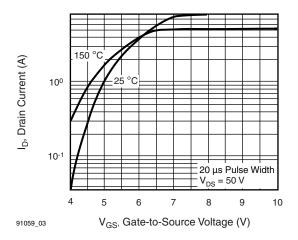


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

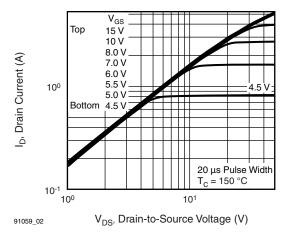


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics, T<sub>C</sub> = 150 °C

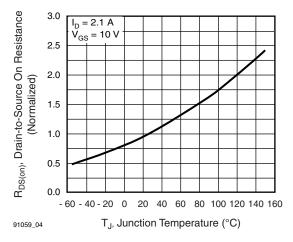


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



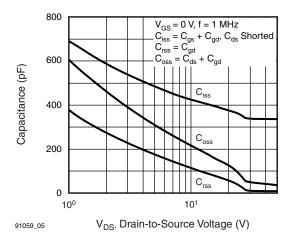


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

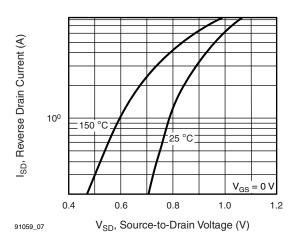


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

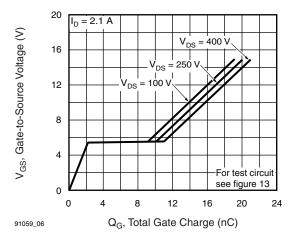


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

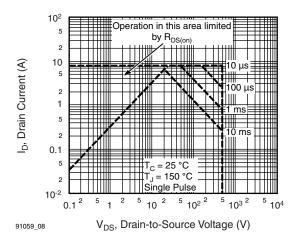


Fig. 8 - Maximum Safe Operating Area



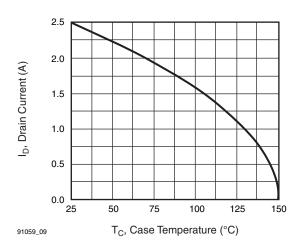


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

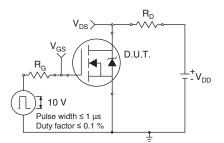


Fig. 10a - Switching Time Test Circuit

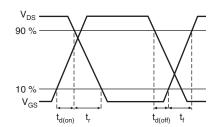


Fig. 10b - Switching Time Waveforms

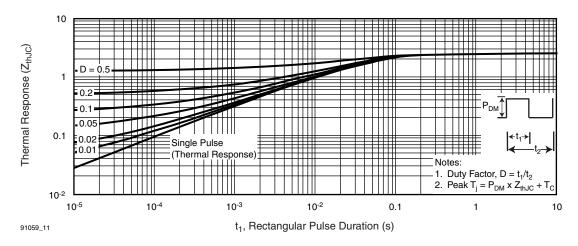


Fig. 11 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

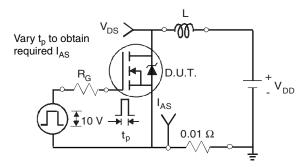


Fig. 12a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

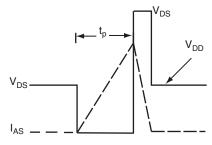


Fig. 12b - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



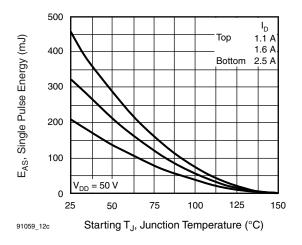


Fig. 12c - Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

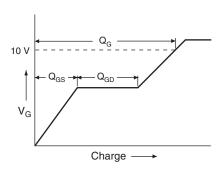


Fig. 13a - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

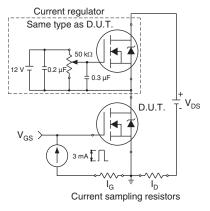
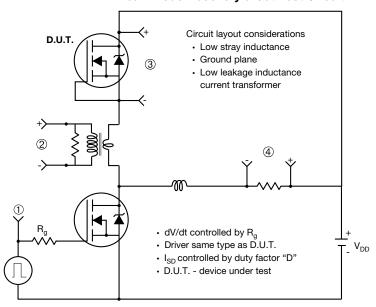


Fig. 13b - Gate Charge Test



### Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



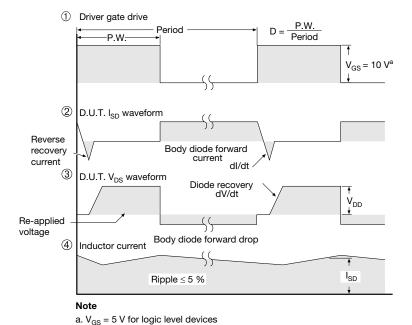


Fig. 14 - For N-Channel

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?91059.

# **Legal Disclaimer Notice**



Vishay

## **Disclaimer**

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify and hold Vishay and its distributors harmless from and against any and all claims, liabilities, expenses and damages arising or resulting in connection with such use or sale, including attorneys fees, even if such claim alleges that Vishay or its distributor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Document Number: 91000 www.vishay.com
Revision: 11-Mar-11 1