Ground isolation amplifier BA3121 / BA3121F / BA3121N

The BA3121,BA3121F and BA3121N are ground isolation amplifiers developed for use in car audio applications. These ICs efficiently eliminate problems caused by wiring resistance, and remove noise generated by the electrical devices used in automobiles. The capacitance values of the external capacitors required for the ICs are small to allow compact and reliable set design.

Applications

Car audio systems

Features

- 1) Large capacitors not required
- High common-mode rejection ratio (57dB typ. at f = 1kHz).
- 3) Low noise ($V_{NO} = 3.5 \mu Vrms Typ.$).

- 4) Low distortion (THD = 0.002% Typ.).
- 5) Two channels.

•Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25° C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	18	V
Power dissipation		800 (BA3121)*	
	Pd	450 (BA3121F)*	mW
		900 (BA3121N)*	
Operating temperature	Topr	-30 ∼+85	C
Storage temperature	Tstg	−55∼ +125	c

^{*} Reduced by 8.0mW (BA3121), 4.5mW (BA3121F), and 9.0mW (BA3121N) for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

● Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	4	12	18	V

Block diagrams

BA3121 / BA3121F 8 Vcc IN1 3 1 OUT1 RŞ Vm1 2 6 Vm2 IN2 5 7 QUT2 4 GND BA3121N ξR RŞ ∨∨ R 2 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 OUT1 IN1 GND OUT2 Vm1 IN2 Vm2

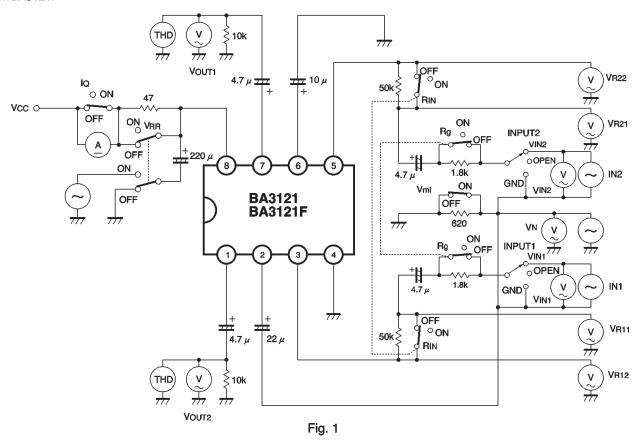
●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 12V, f = 1kHz, R_g = 1.8kΩ)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Quiescent current	lα	5.6	9.0	14.0	mA	V _{IN} =0V _{rms}
Output noise voltage	V _{NO}	_	3.5	8.0	μ V _{rms}	BPF=20Hz~20kHz
Voltage gain	Gv	-1.5	-0.04	1.5	dB	$V_0=-10dBm, R_g=0\Omega$
Maximum output voltage	V _{ом}	1.8	2.0	_	V _{rms}	THD=0.1%, Vcc=8V
Total harmonic distortion	THD	_	0.002	0.02	%	Vo=0.7V _{rms}
Common-mode rejection ratio	CMRR	41	57	_	dB	
Common-mode voltage	V _{СМ}	2.5	3.75	_	V _{rms}	Vcc=8V, CMRR=40dB
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	72	80	_	dB	f_{RR} =100Hz, V_{RR} =-10dBm, R_g =0 Ω
Channel separation	cs	_	82	_	dB	V _{IN} =-10dBm, R _g =1.8kΩ/OPEN
Slew rate	SR	_	2.0	_	V/ μs	
Input resistance	Rin	44	55	66	kΩ	

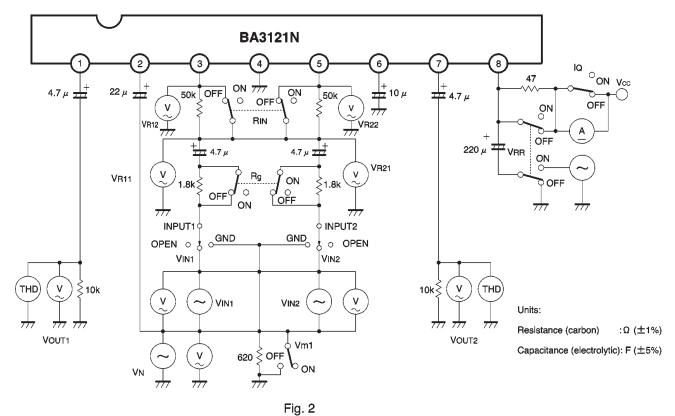
ONot designed for radiation resistance.

Measurement circuits

BA3121/BA3121F



BA3121N



Circuit operation

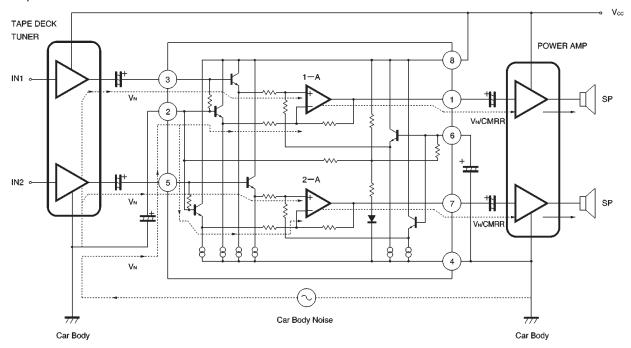


Fig. 3 Flow of noise in car-audio systems

Car-audio systems are earthed to the car body, and for this reason, electrical noise generated by the car electrics can enter the power amplifier input via the chassis, and become audible.

The BA3121 makes use of the common-mode rejection characteristics of an operational amplifier to eliminate this noise. Without the BA3121 noise enters the power amplifier input directly, when used, the CMMR of operational amplifiers 1-A and 2-A eliminates the noise.

Principles of noise elimination:

To obtain the output voltage (eo)

$$V_i = \frac{R_4}{(R_3 + R_4)} \bullet e_2 \tag{1}$$

$$e_0 = -\frac{R_2}{R_1} e_1 + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} • V_i$$
 (2)

From (1) and (2)

$$\begin{split} e_0 &= \, - \, \frac{R_2}{R_1} & e_1 \, + \! \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1} & \bullet \! \frac{R_4}{(R_3 + R_4)} \bullet e_2 \\ &= - \, \frac{R_2}{R_1} & \bullet \, (e_1 \! - \! e_2) \, + & \frac{R_1 R_4 \! - \! R_2 R_3}{R_1 \, (R_3 \! + \! R_4)} \bullet e_2 \end{split}$$

Ideally, if $R_1R_4 = R_2R_3$, and $e_1 = e_2$, the noise voltage will become zero. However, due to mismatching between the resistors, difference in the noise voltages (e_1 and e_2), and tolerances in the operational amplifier, a noise voltage does result.

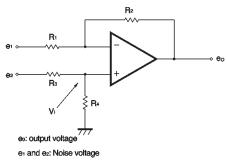


Fig. 4 The principle of noise rejection

With the BA3121, the elimination level of the noise is expressed as: CMMR = $20log (e_0/e_i) (e_i = e_1 = e_2)$ Therefore, CMRR $\geq 41dB$ can be guaranteed.

Operation notes

- (1) Maintain a ratio of 2: 1 for the values of the capacitors connected to pin 2 (V_{m1}) and pin 6 (V_{m2}) to keep the ripple rejection ratio stable. If this ratio is maintained, the ripple rejection ratio will not vary significantly even if the capacitance values are halved.
- (2) If the value of the capacitor connected to pin 2 (V_{m1}) in the example is doubled, the bass-region CMMR will be +6dB, and if it is halved, it will be -6dB (see Fig. 16).

Application example

BA3121/BA3121F

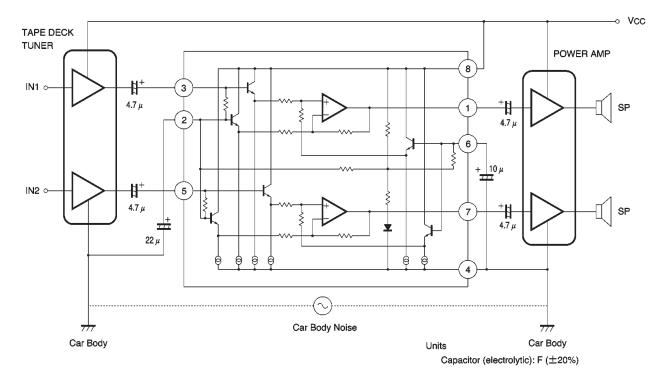


Fig. 5

→ Vcc BA3121N OUT1 TAPE DECK **TUNER** POWER AMP 2 Vm1 3 IN1 o ╂ IN₁ 4.7μ 4.7 μ **GND** 5 †+ 4.7 μ IN₂ 6 ⊒ 22 μ Vm2 10μ OUT2 8 V_{cc} Car Body Noise Car Body Car Body Units Capacitor (electrolytic): F (±20%)

Fig. 6

Electrical characteristics curves

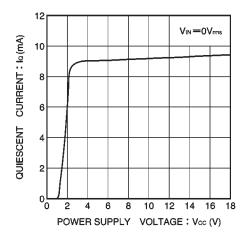


Fig. 7 Quiescent current vs. power supply voltage

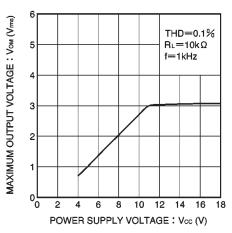


Fig. 8 Maximum output voltage vs. power supply voltage

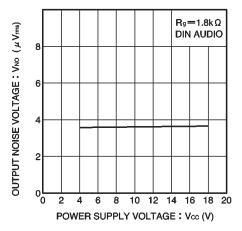


Fig. 9 Output noise voltage vs. power supply voltage

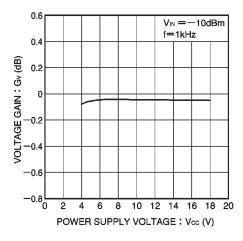


Fig. 10 Voltage gain vs. power supply voltage

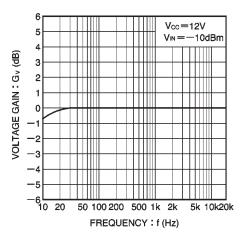


Fig. 11 Voltage gain vs. frequency

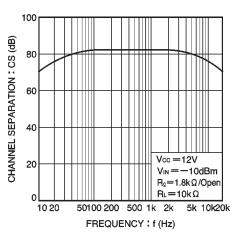


Fig. 12 Channel separation vs. frequency

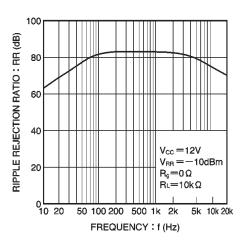


Fig. 13 Ripple rejection ratio vs. frequency

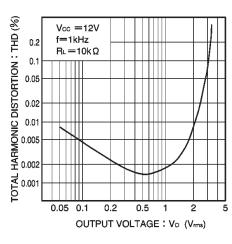


Fig. 14 Total harmonic distortion vs. output voltage

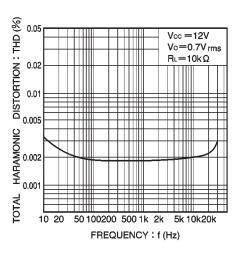


Fig. 15 Total harmonic distortion vs. frequency

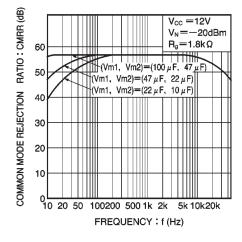


Fig. 16 Common-mode rejection ratio vs. frequency

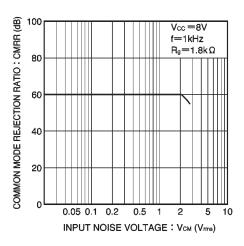
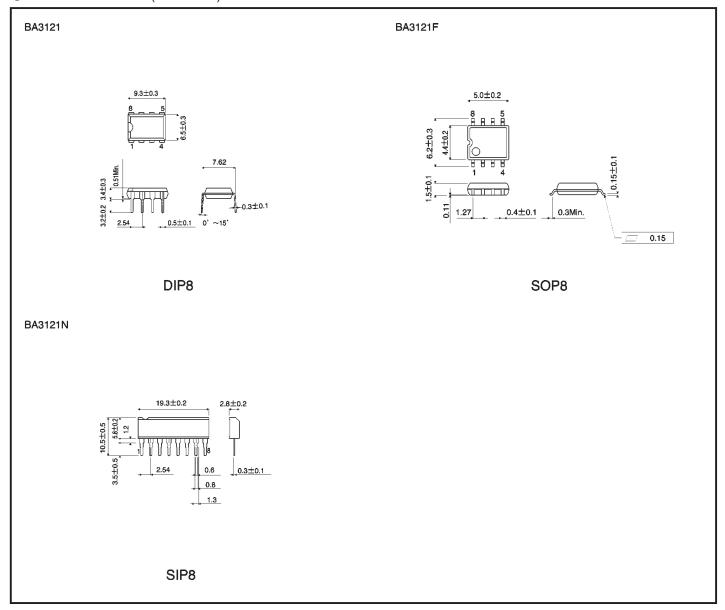


Fig. 17 Common-mode rejection ratio vs. input voltage

External dimensions (Units: mm)



MEMO



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